Study Questions for Romans 9

- 1. In Romans 9-11 Paul treats one of the most bewildering problems that faced the early church. What was that problem?
- 2. Why was Paul the perfect person to write about this problem?
- 3. Does Paul write this section out of *anger* toward his fellow Jews?
- 4. Did the Jews have any advantages over the Gentiles? If so, what were they?
- 5. How could such a privileged people be cut off from the promises of God? Was God faithless to His promises? Had His promises come to nothing?
- 6. What does Paul mean when he says that "they are not all Israel who are of Israel"?
- 7. God made promises to (<u>ALL or SOME?</u>) of Jacob's descendants and those promises were (<u>UNCONDITIONAL or CONDITIONAL?</u>).
- 8. Why does Paul mention Ishmael & Isaac and Esau & Jacob?
- 9. If Esau did not *earn* his rejection and if Jacob did not *earn* his acceptance, then how can God avoid a charge of partiality?
- 10. How did Pharaoh serve God's purpose in refusing to let the Israelites leave Egypt?
- 11. Who hardened Pharaoh's heart? Was it God? Was it only God?
- 12. How does God harden someone's heart? Does God harden the hearts of believers?
- 13. Why does God find fault with those He has hardened—can they resist His will?
- 14. Does the passage from Hosea in verses 25-26 speak of the Gentiles or the Jews?
- 15. Why did most of the Jews fail to find what they were seeking? Was it *fair* that the Gentiles received the blessings while most of the Jews did not?